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PRICE FIVE CENTS

ORCHARD THE RIGHT MAN

Is Recognized as Man Wanted in Colorado.

MILLER IN CALDWELL

Arrives From Spokane But He Refuses to Do Any Talking.

SHERIFF BELL IS IN BOISE

After Colorado Sheriff Had Recognized Orchard as Man Who Blew up Independence Depot—He Goes to Boise and Confers With Governor.

CALDWELL, Jan. 8.—Sheriff Bell, of Teller county, Colo., arrived in Caldwell this afternoon accompanied by another officer. He was taken to jail to see Harry Orchard, held for the Steenberg murder. So far it is not stated whether he recognized him as the man wanted for the blowing up of the Independence Depot at Cripple Creek. This evening the visiting sheriff accompanied by Captain Swain and others went to Boise for a conference with the Governor. Beyond the arrival of Fred Miller of Spokane to defend Orchard, there is very little new in the case today. Miller refuses to say by whom he is employed, but stated it was not by any organization of miners.

BOISE, Jan. 8.—Sheriff Bell stated to the Associated Press tonight that he recognized Harry Orchard as the man wanted on the charge of blowing up the Independence Depot. Other officers like wise recognized him instantly. Sheriff Bell said, he did not ask for the requisition of Orchard, for after looking over the case of the State against Orchard, it was not likely Colorado could get hold of him at this time. Bell feels certain Orchard will be held and Bell is preparing to return home as soon as the preliminary hearing occurs. Orchard does not admit recognizing the officers.

TAKE THEIR OFFICES.

Labor Union in San Francisco Now Governs City Administration.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—At noon today the Labor Union Party took charge of the municipal administration. All incoming officials were greeted heartily by their predecessors and initiated into the duties connected with the various offices which they will occupy. May Schmitz urged on all subordinates the importance of filling the places ably and honestly.

WILL SEND GIFT.

ARMORE, I. T. Jan. 8.—The Rough Riders will send Alice Roosevelt a wedding present. Each rough rider including the president has been asked to contribute.

ANXIOUS ABOUT SOMETHING.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 8.—The Herald will say tomorrow, Harry Orchard left here December 14th for Nampa. Before leaving he told a friend he expected something would turn up for him in Spokane and appeared very anxious about it.

CARRY ON FIGHT.

PORTLAND, Jan. 8.—The United States Cigar Store Company concern allied with the American Tobacco Company has rented for a period of ten years from Charles Sweeney, of Spokane, two of the largest business blocks in the heart of Portland. The United States Cigar Company's entrance into Portland is for the purpose of carrying on the fight against M. A. Gunst & Company of San Francisco who already have several large establishments here.

GOOD FOR TEDDY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The President has confirmed the sentence of dismissal of First Lieutenant David Snyder, Sixth Infantry, tried in a court-martial in the Philippines for borrowing money from an enlisted man and failing to pay.

COMMITTED MURDER

Rassman Admits He and Kelley Held Up Centennial Bar.

KELLEY KILLED FLEMINGS

The Seventeen-Year-Old Lad is Closely Questioned by Portland Officers and Finally Confesses That Kelley and Himself Were Robbers.

PORTLAND, Jan. 8.—"Hiney" Rassman, the 17-year-old boy, has turned state's evidence and accuses D. C., alias Tattoo Kelley of the murder of Thomas Flemmings, the old sailor killed by highwaymen in the holdup of the Centennial saloon, at 6:20 o'clock on the night of December 15, 1905.

The story of the lad was reduced to writing in the District Attorney's office this morning, and the boy who planned the crime and robbed the till affixed his signature in the presence of witnesses.

Detectives Kerrigan and Snow secured sufficient facts to have sent both men to the gallows, and when they were submitted to the prisoners, Rassman broke down and confessed to his share of the crime and what part Kelley played.

The two detectives were untiring in their efforts to locate the men who had been terrorizing the city, and when descriptions of holdups were furnished, immediately thought of Kelley. He was arrested as a suspect, but allowed to depart after an examination, which he considered final.

He was allowed to go, but was under surveillance of the police without being aware of that fact. As soon as it was known that his accomplice was under arrest in Tacoma he was picked up, just in the nick of time. Kelley was not advised of Rassman's arrest and sturdily denied having been implicated.

Kerrigan and Snow were sent to Tacoma to bring Rassman back, and on the way here, the boy said enough to convince the officers they had the right men.

SENATE DISCUSSES SANTO DOMINGO SITUATION

PANAMA CANAL AND MERCHANT MARINE BILLS

Gorman Urges Reduction in Panama Salaries--Rayner Speaks Opposing Santo Domingo Treaty Criticises Roosevelt's Beliefs.

RAYNER SAYS THAT SECRETARY TAFT HAS TOO MUCH TO DO

Asserts Taft Has Not Time to Act as Receiver for all Imprecunious People on Earth--Government Ought to Provide New Portfolio to be Known as Department of Foreign Receiverships, and New Secretary to be Known as Secretary of Foreign Bankruptcy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The Senate today gave attention to the Panama Canal situation, Santo Domingo and the Merchant Marine bill. The Canal bill came up in connection with the message from the President in which among other things he invited the closest scrutiny of all done by the government on the Isthmus. Gorman made that utterance his text for a speech in which he criticized the salaries paid and urged Congressional inquiry. He said the President was not so much to blame as Congress was for the assumption of control on the Isthmus, and the chief mistake had been made when Congress released its hold on canal affairs. Hale agreed with Gorman in urging the rights of Congress and said that while Congress had de-

SIXTEEN PERSONS KILLED

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Sixteen persons are believed to have perished in a landslide here at 11 o'clock last night. Reports this morning are that the dead are from prominent families. The slide occurred at the end of Rockland street and eight houses were carried over the clay bank into brick excavations, dropping down a hundred feet. The slide it is supposed was caused by the fact that workmen in the brick yards dug too close to the end of the street. Most of the people were in bed when the catastrophe happened. Immediately after the slide the houses caught fire and it is believed the persons who went down perished in the flames. At 2:45 o'clock this morning the fire was still burning and it is impossible to ascertain the number of dead. The slide carried away the water main supplying the fire hydrants and the firemen are powerless to extinguish the fire.

gated the matter to the President, the latter practically referred the matter back to Congress.

The Dominican discussion arose over Tillman's resolution. This resolution was made the basis of a speech by Rayner who said, in part:

"It is not my intention in anything that I may say to cast the slightest reflection upon the administration of the department of state or to criticize the motives of the President in the course he has taken in regard to his matter."

"As Secretary of War upon frequent occasions ex-officio Secretary of State, constructive governor-general of the Philippines, and in the absence of the President, acting President of the United States, I am quite sure that Mr. Taft has not the time to act as receiver for all the impecunious people on this earth. We will therefore evidently have to provide a new portfolio to be known as the Department of Foreign Receiverships and a new secretary to be known as the Secretary of Foreign Bankruptcy."

He urged that the President had made a grave error in supposing he had a right to expect a treaty before the treaty

had been made, stating that such a proposition was at war with the elementary principles of international law. He said that it was considered a postulate and fundamental maxim of international law that government should not interfere in behalf of the contracted claims of their citizens, except through diplomacy. Mr. Rayner averred that the President had erred in stating that the seizure of a custom house and a blockade, are equivalent to the seizure of territory within the meaning of the Monroe Doctrine, and that the United States had a right to interfere in Central and South America, if foreign governments attempt to do the same. Said he:

"I deny that there is any seizure of territory within the meaning of the

ITALY INTERCEDES.

Asks United States to Pardon Convicted Murderers.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Jan. 8.—The Italian government is attempting to secure mercy for Mrs. Antoinette Tolla, under sentence to hang Friday, for the murder of a young Italian whom she alleges attempted to make love to her in her own house.

COUNTRY ENTERED.

U. S. Engineers Enter Priest River District.

SEATTLE, Jan. 8.—United States reclamation engineers entered the Priest Rapids country on the Columbia River. Friday, ten engineers have entered the country and another crew is due to arrive today. It is stated that work will begin immediately. This is taken to the detriment for a time at least of the Tietan and Yakima schemes. The action of the government will block two private enterprises on the Rapids.

AWFUL ACCIDENT.

HUNTINGTON, Jan. 8.—In the destruction of their home at Cove today, Robert Adams, wife and two children were burned to death.

HE KILLED HIMSELF

Coroner's Verdict That Edwards Committed Suicide.

IS MOST REMARKABLE CASE

Evidence Shows Deceased Arose from Bed, Came to Basement, Opens Door, Shoots Himself Twice, Drinks Laudanum, and Returns to His Bed.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 8.—Suicide by means of both bullet and poison is the explanation given by Coroner Mix for the death of Charles Edwards at the Hiller homestead Tuesday last. This finding is contained in the preliminary report to State Attorney Williams, and is based in part on the discovery of morphine in Edwards' body. The findings are supported by some portions of evidence taken at the inquest. The report is made at this time to relieve the public suspense. The coroner adds that the case is probably one of the most remarkable on record. After reaching this conclusion, the first act of the coroner was to release A. Maxie Hiller from surveillance. The coroner's brief report does not dispel the mystery as to why Edwards, as the coroner expresses it, "At 2 o'clock in the morning left his chamber in his underclothes, descended to the basement, lit the gas, unbolting the rear door, twice discharged a 22-calibre revolver at himself, then tending to kill himself, threw the weapon into the shrubbery near the house where the detectives unearthed it Saturday; then drank laudanum and tossed the bottle after the pistol, where it was also found, and with the blood flowing from his wound, dragged himself back to his chamber, and got into bed, drew the clothes over his shoulders, and after placing a handkerchief under his head to staunch the flow of blood, lapsed into unconsciousness, death coming six hours later."

Hiller took his release calmly, but denied himself to callers. Some testimony at the inquest is understood to be startling almost beyond belief.

HE TESTIFIES ONCE MORE

Rogers of Standard Oil on Stand Again.

HE REFUSES TO TALK

Lawson Offers Advice and Hadley Says "Come and Testify."

TWO POINTS CONSIDERED

Hadley Tries to Discover if Standard Oil of Indiana Has New York Offices and if New Jersey Concern Controls Missouri Companies.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Henry H. Rogers, vice-president of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and director of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana which Attorney-General Hadley is trying to oust from Missouri was on the stand today on quo warranto proceedings brought by Hadley. Hadley took up only two points. One, whether the Standard Oil, of Indiana, has offices at 26 Broadway, New York, and the other whether the Standard Oil of New Jersey owns or controls the majority of the stock in the Indiana Company, Waters-Pierce Oil Company and the Republic Oil Company. To the first Rogers answered he did not know. He refused to answer the question whether the New Jersey Company owns stocks in other companies which Hadley alleges have combined to stifle competition in Missouri. After the adjournment of the hearing, Hadley's attention was called to some published advice to him concerning the proceedings from Thomas W. Lawson, and he was asked: "Do you want Lawson to come here and testify?"

"Certainly, if Lawson knows anything I should like to have him come down," said Hadley.

A dispatch from Boston states: "When I am invited to go to New York to testify against the Standard Oil, I shall accept," said Thomas W. Lawson tonight. "I have not been advised in the matter yet, but if the attorney-general desires me to testify I will be pleased to do so. I feel like helping him every way I can."

NOTHING DOING.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Foreign Office states Germany is not sending warships to Mediterranean waters.

FOR TARIFF REVISION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—With over an hour devoted to the District of Columbia, there was left but half an hour to be devoted by the house to the tariff discussion. This was utilized by Sullivan, of Massachusetts, who spoke strongly for tariff revision from a Democratic standpoint.

REAL QUARREL BETWEEN ENGLAND AND GERMANY

ROME, Jan. 8.—A former cabinet minister and statesman of note and one likely to return to power, writing on the international situation growing out of the Moroccan controversy, says he thinks the real antagonism is between England and Germany. He believes

however, that both countries realize war between them means the dragging in of other nations, and centuries of retrogression and the conceded supremacy of America and Japan, who will become the dominators of Europe. He therefore thinks an understanding will be reached.

SHARP FIGHTING GOES ON IN SANTO DOMINGO

TURK'S ISLAND, Jan. 8.—Advices via the steamer Cherokee from Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, dated Saturday, states that recent fighting was very sharp, 150 of 800 men on both sides being killed or wounded. Dead bodies were lying in the streets for two days.

The attack on Puerto Plata by the insurgents under General Alvarez was expected when the steamer left and it is believed the authorities would surrender. Insurgent Generals Guillito and Navarato were defeated by Caceras' troops on Friday in an attack on Santiago.